

## ADVANCED IV ACCESS

1. List the four different types of existing central lines:

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2. These central lines must be treated with a:

- a. Clean Technique
- b. Sterile Technique
- c. Aseptic Technique

3. List two advantages of these IV's for the patient:

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4. List two disadvantages of these IV's for the patient:

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5. A hematoma or bleeding is one potential problem for the patient, if this happens, what should you do?

- a. Apply a tourniquet
- b. Apply direct pressure
- c. Apply a pressure bandage

6. If the infusion is slow or sluggish:

- a. Check for kinked tubing
- b. Raise arm on same side as catheter
- c. Have patient sit up
- d. Have patient take deep breath or cough

7. What do you do if there is infiltration / extravasation?

- a. change IV site
- b. clamp tubing
- c. apply pressure bandage

8. What could be the potential problem if the patient begins to show signs of respiratory distress?

- a. Asthma attack
- b. Exacerbation of COPD
- c. Air Embolism

9. If you suspect the patient of having the above problem, what should you do, please be specific:

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10. What is the name of the special needle that is required in order to access a Port-A-Cath?

- a. T-Needle
- b. Angiocatheter
- c. Port a Needle
- d. Huber Needle

11. When you are palpating the area to place the needle, you are looking for the:

- a. Patient's Rib
- b. Portal septum
- c. D-Site

12. List the 10 steps in accessing a Port-A-Cath:

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2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
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9. \_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_